

# BAREFOOT AND ITS ROLE IN PROPRIOCEPTION

ANTON GHYS PHYSIOTHERAPIST EBFA'S EUROPEAN DIRECTOR OF EDUCATION





## ANTON GHYS

- **PHYSIOTHERAPIST AT PROACTIVEKINE**
- EBFA EUROPEAN DIRECTOR OF EDUCATION
- EBFA MASTER INSTRUCTOR
- FMS 1-2
- DNS 1-2
- FRC
- McGILL 1-2
- MOVNAT L1 L2
- CRAIG LIEBENSON FPM
- RAD 1









# EBFA MASTER INSTRUCTOR EBFA EUROPEAN DIRECTOR OF EDUCATION







## WHAT COMES TO MIND WHEN YOU HEAR THE WORDS PROPRIOCEPTIVE TRAINING?







## MUST WE ASSOCIATE UNSTABLE SURFACES WITH PROPRIOCEPTIVE TRAINING?





## GET READY TO CHALLENGE YOUR CURRENT APPROACH TO PROPRIOCEPTION TRAINING!





## WHAT IS PROPRIOCEPTION?

**PROPRIOCEPTION** REFERS TO THE INTERNAL MESSAGING (THE NERVOUS SYSTEM) THAT DRIVES OUR MOVEMENTS – OFTEN ASSOCIATED WITH JOINT POSITION SENSE.

VS.

KINESTHETIC AWARENESS REFERS TO OUR ABILITY TO NAVIGATE SPACE AND THE AWARENESS OF HOW WE MOVE.



#### WHAT PROVIDES JOINT POSITION SENSE?

- Joint capsule
- Ligaments
- Retinaculum
- Fascia
- Myotendon junction
- Skin



All create a nervous system response. But not all responses are the same!



## WHAT IS THE MOST IMPORTANT CONCERN WHEN IT COMES TO THE NERVOUS SYSTEM & MOVEMENT?







## Nervous System

## Sensory Nerves vs. Motor Nerves

## Small Nerves vs. Large Nerves



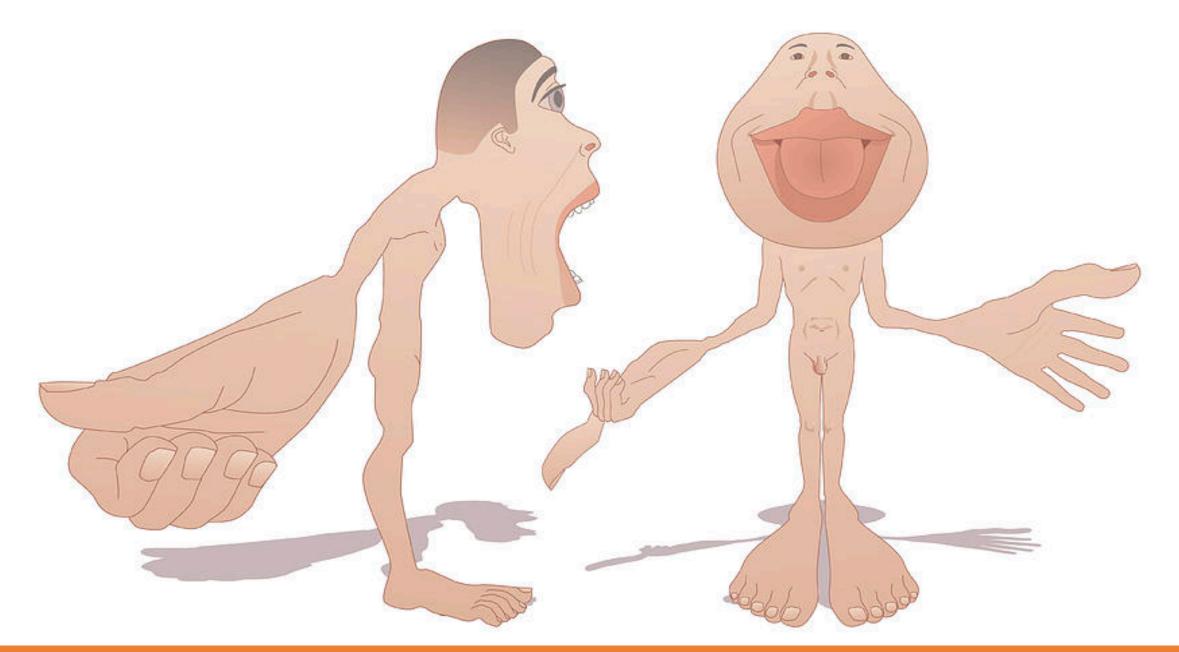


## **TIBIAL NERVE BRANCHES**

#### • 3X AS MANY **SENSORY** VS. MOTOR

#### •4X AS MANY **SMALL NERVE** VS LARGE NERVE





**Higher afferent input = Higher representation in the cortex** 



## HANDS VS. FEET

- 13 different kinds of afferent fibers
- 17,000 mechanoceptors in hands
- Lower threshold of sensitivity
- Orientation nerves to acquire information
- during manipulation of object

- 13 different kinds of afferent fibers
- 104 mechanoceptors in foot
- Higher threshold of sensitivity
- 70% are rapidly adapting
- Receptor field 3x greater in foot
- Lateral border foot increased sensitivity
- Decreased distribution in the medial arch







## **Types of Sensory Nerves**

- Nociceptors Sharp vs. Dull
- Thermoceptors Hot vs. Cold
- Mechano (haptic) ceptors Shape,
  - Texture, Vibration
- Proprioceptors Stretch





## **Types of Sensory Nerves**

Mechanoceptors (myelinated)

**Proprioceptors (myelinated)** 

In fitness and rehab we focus on the myelinated mechanoceptors and proprioceptors.

# Mechanoceptors (Haptic) - Touch

Slow Adapting: Responding throughout the stimulus

SAI (Merkel Disc) – Two point discrimination 1mm apart SAII (Ruffini Endings) – Not found in primates – Skin stretch

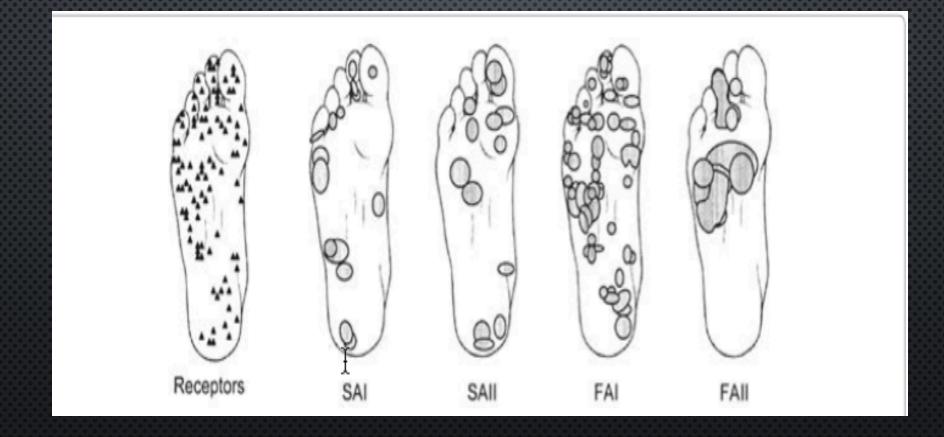
Fast Adapting: Responding at onset of stimulus



**FAI (Meissner Corpuscle)** – Low frequency vibration (flutter) **FAII (Pacinian Corpuscle)** – High frequency vibration < 300 Hz

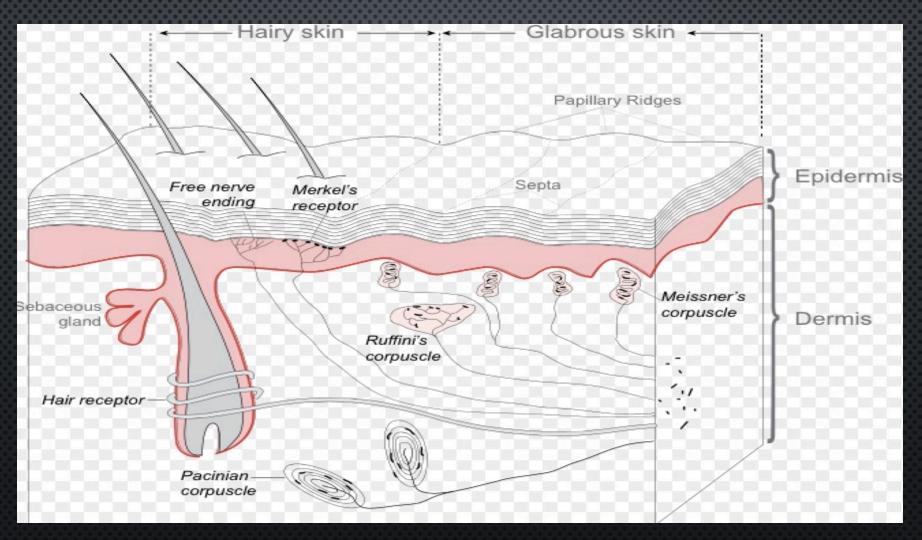


## Receptor placement in the foot



## Mechanoceptors in the foot

AREFOOT



anno.



# What is the sensory stimulation of locomotion?







## Vibrations

## 1 – 1.5x our body weight in

# potential energy enters the

## body at a rate < 50ms





### Why you can't rely on your reaction response

- IT TAKES 54 MSECS FOR YOUR PERONEAL MUSCLE
   PROPRIOCEPTORS TO DETECT THE STRETCH OF AN INVERSION
   ANKLE SPRAIN.
- IT TAKES ANOTHER 72 MSECS FOR THE PERONEALS TO REACTIVELY CONTRACT TO TRY AND PREVENT THE ANKLE SPRAIN.
- TOGETHER THAT'S 126 MSECS.
- IT TAKES ONLY 80 MSECS TO INVERT AND SPRAIN YOUR ANKLE.



## Plantar receptors stats

- 80% of plantar receptors are sensitive to vibration.
- Plantar receptor density <u>decreases</u> and
  - sensitivity threshold increases as we age.





# What's the functional impact of cushion in footwear?







## How do we damp vibrations?

#### **Isometric contractions** allow potential

#### energy to go to the fascia and tendons





## How do we damp quickly?

React vs. Anticipate

• Pre-activation responses before foot contact

• Feed forward responses of cerebellum dictated

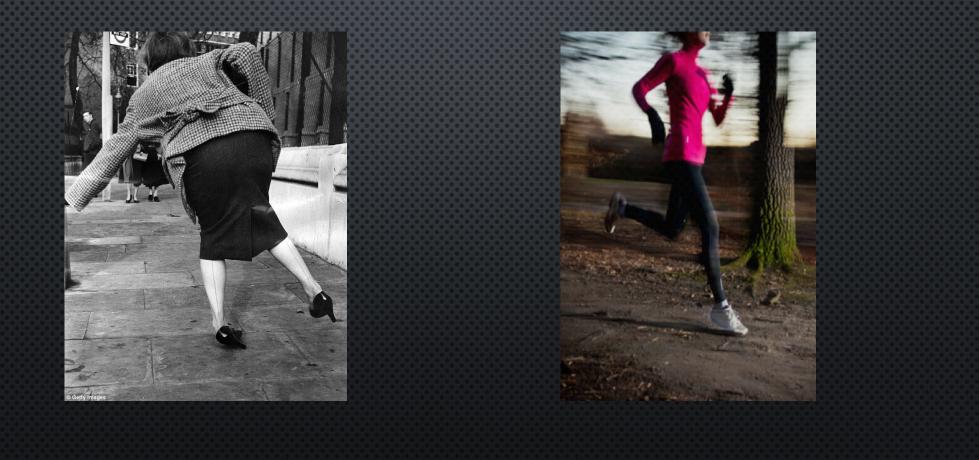
by the accuracy of previous experiences





## Neuromuscular responses

## **Reactive vs Pre-active**







## **Initiate Loading Response Faster**

- Training the pre-activation system
- Improving proprioceptive awareness

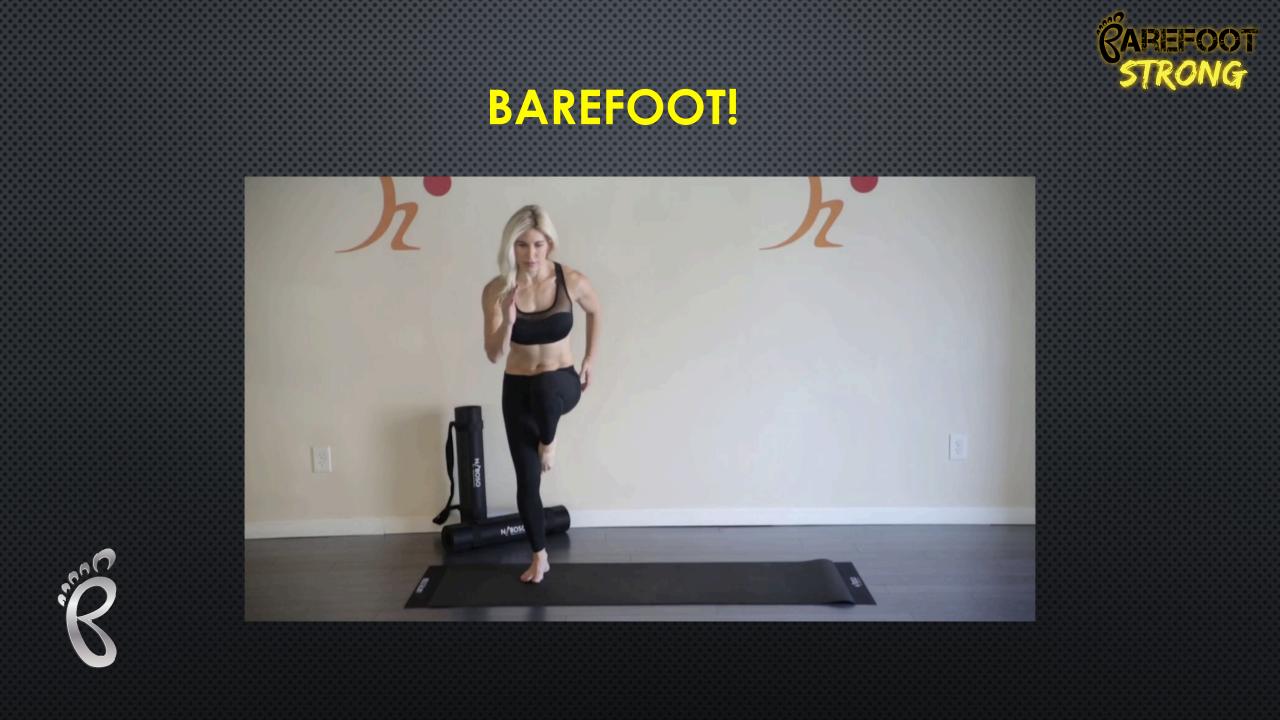




## How do you train the (faster)

### pre-active system?

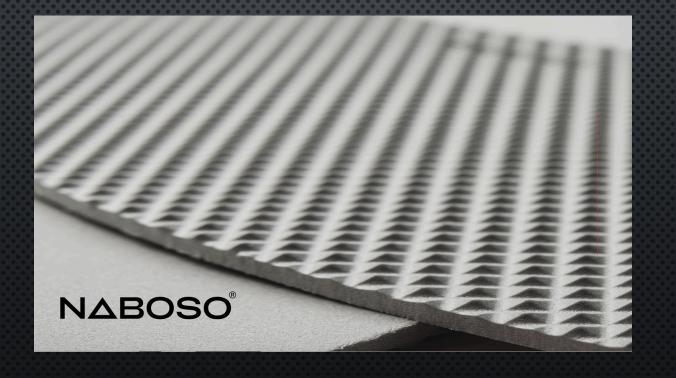






## Naboso Proprioceptive Training

#### SAI (Merkel Disc) – Two point discrimination 1mm apart

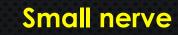






## Barefoot before shod





Large nerve

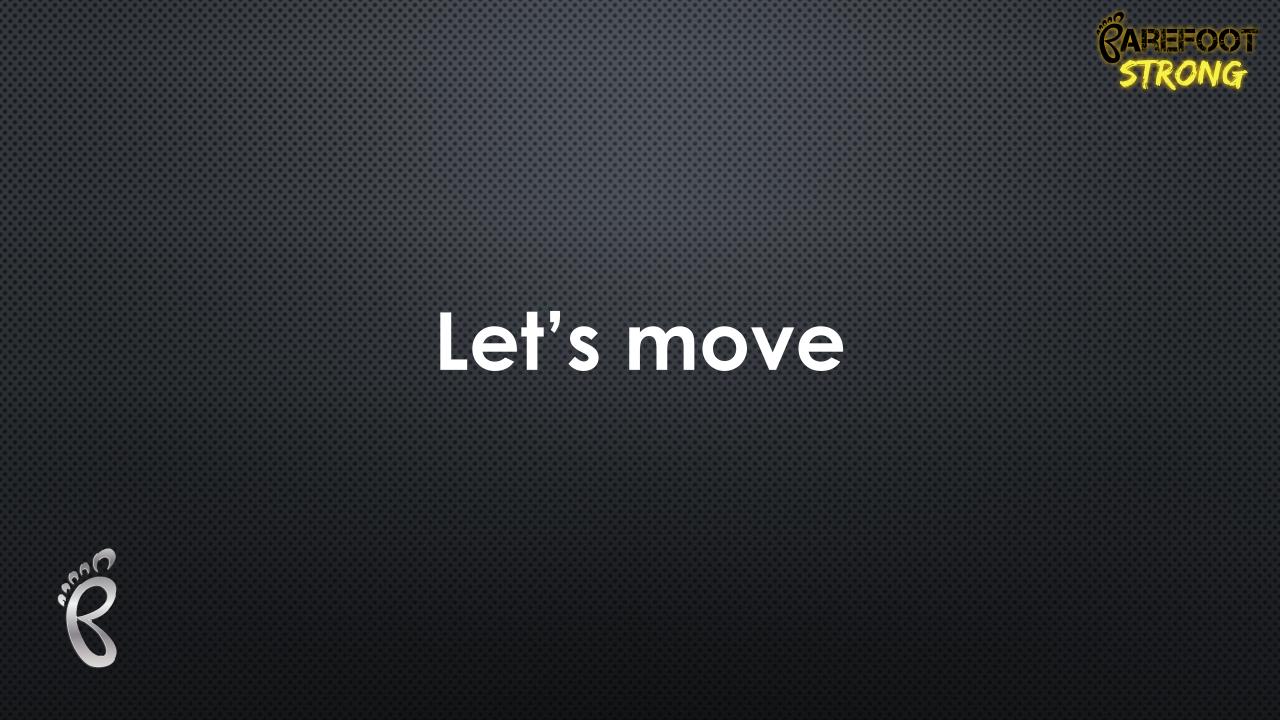


## Intrinsic Strength & Stability





Increased intrinsic muscle strength led to faster response time of ankle stabilizers





## KEY POINTS ON HOW TO TRAIN PROPRIOCEPTION DURING REHAB?

Barefoot Training
Optimal feedback in your sensory system by using Naboso stimulation
Intrinsic foot strength
Training the preactivation





## KEY POINTS ON HOW TO TRAIN PROPRIOCEPTION DURING REHAB?

From the ground up
Foot to core
Variate in ground surface
Add in eye movement training





## **UPCOMING SEMINARS IN 2022**

- Barefoot Training Specialist in leuven 9-10 SEPTEMBER
- Naboso Neurosensory Certification in Antwerpen 19 NOVEMBER
- Barehand Training Specialist in Gent 25-26 NOVEMBER
- Pelvic Balance in Gent 26-27 NOVEMBER



www.barefootbelgium.com

## **REACH OUT**



MORE INFO ABOUT OUR UPCOMING SEMINARS ON

MORE INFO ON NABOSO AT <u>WWW.NABOSO.COM</u>

.BAREFOOTBELGIUM.COM

FOR QUESTIONS, FIND ME ON @BAREFOOT\_BELGIUM
 OR ANTON@PROACTIVEKINE.BE

